

Oregon Historic Site Record

LOCATION AND PROPERTY NAME			
address:	2212 A St Forest Grove, Washington County	historic name:	Taylor, Dr W R & Eunice, House
assoc addresses:		current/other names:	
location descr:		block/lot/tax lot:	
		twshp/rng/sect/qtr sect:	1N 3W 31
PROPERTY CHARACTERISTICS			
resource type:	Building	height (stories):	1.5
elig evaluation:	eligible/significant	total elig resources:	4
prim constr date:	1919	second date:	
		total inelig resources:	0
		NR Status:	Listed Individually & in Hist Distr
		date indiv listed:	08/10/2005
primary orig use:	Single Dwelling	orig use comments:	
second orig use:		prim style comments:	
primary style:	Bungalow (Type)	sec style comments:	
secondary style:	Colonial Revival	siding comments:	
primary siding:	Stucco	architect:	
secondary siding:	Wood:Other/Undefined	builder:	
plan type:			
comments/notes:			
Three contributing outbuildings: Garage, gazebo, garden shed			
GROUPINGS / ASSOCIATIONS			
Survey/Grouping Included In:	Type of Grouping	Date Listed	Date Compiled
Taylor Process Hollow Concrete Wall Construction in Forest Grove, Oregon MPD	MPS	08/10/2005	2004
Walker Naylor Historic District	Listed Historic District	03/03/2011	2010
Walker Naylor RLS Update	Survey & Inventory Project		2009
SHPO INFORMATION FOR THIS PROPERTY			
NR date listed:	08/10/2005	106 Project(s):	None
ILS survey date:		Special Assess Project(s):	None
RLS survey date:	08/21/2009	Federal Tax Project(s):	None
ARCHITECTURAL / PROPERTY DESCRIPTION			
<i>(Includes expanded description of the building/property, setting, significant landscape features, outbuildings and alterations)</i>			
<p>Elephantine, truncated columns on concrete bases supporting pergola entry porch flanking semi-circular arched entryway; sunroom deck railing; Shed porch on rear; Original concrete stepped walkway with "W.R. Taylor. MD."; picket fence around lot to N; old oaks to N ("Oak Alley" begins here and heads west to Indian School site); Mid-block on the west side of A Street in a residential neighborhood This 1-1/2 story house, with its gambrel roof and dormers, exhibits a form typical of the Dutch Colonial Revival style, one that is rarely true to its Colonial antecedents. Original Dutch Colonial houses, mostly constructed in New York and New Jersey during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, were usually not as large as the revival versions, had gentler roof pitches, and never had prominent shed dormers such as the one found on this example. The Colonial Revival began to use front or cross gambrels in the 1890s, but side gambrels were not common until the 1920s. This house features Colonial Revival elements including the continuous dormer across the front, the one-story, flat-roofed wing, and symmetry of the main volume. The projecting entry portico has a curved underside, and is supported by elephantine, truncated columns, which also support the flanking pergola entry porch. The columns, pergola and 3/1 grouped windows are characteristic of the bungalow style, thus exhibiting the common tendency of combining styles. The house is in good condition and retains a high level of historic integrity. It is situated on a well-manicured lot with foundation plantings and mature landscaping which include five Oregon white oaks.</p>			
HISTORY			
<i>(Chronological, descriptive history of the property from its construction through at least the historic period - preferably to the present)</i>			
<p>Construction of this house was reportedly started in 1919 for Dr. W.R. Taylor, a local physician and surgeon whose offices were located in the Nixon Building on Main Street. The title to the property was transferred to Taylor from G.H. Baldwin in 1921. George and Cynthia Bennett bought the house in 1929 and retained ownership until 1947. The next long-term owners were Homer H. and Ann V. Waltz who purchased the house in 1949. The house has remained in the Waltz family ever since. John Taylor (no relation) designed and built this Dutch Colonial Revival house using a unique construction system. Taylor developed and patented the system, using it to build numerous houses in Forest Grove. Known as the "Taylor Process Hollow Concrete Wall," it consists of two 3" thick walls of concrete, separated by a 1-1/2" air space, connected together with metal ties. Taylor's company, "Thormost Building Corporation," co-owned by C.W. Wertz, marketed this unique process throughout the United States.</p>			
RESEARCH INFORMATION			
<input type="checkbox"/> Title Records <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sanborn Maps <input type="checkbox"/> Obituaries <input type="checkbox"/> City Directories	<input type="checkbox"/> Census Records <input type="checkbox"/> Biographical Sources <input type="checkbox"/> Newspapers <input type="checkbox"/> Building Permits	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Property Tax Records <input type="checkbox"/> SHPO Files <input type="checkbox"/> State Archives <input type="checkbox"/> State Library	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local Histories <input type="checkbox"/> Interviews <input type="checkbox"/> Historic Photographs
Local Library:		University Library:	
Historical Society:		Other Respository:	
Bibliography:			
<p>Sources: "Washington County Cultural Resource Inventory," recorded by Gladys L. Haynes, September 1983 Mike Reichenbach, "Forest Grove Significant and Historic Tree Inventory," 1993 Peter J. Edwards, "Forest Grove: A Historic Context," 1993 Washington County title and assessment records Sanborn Fire Insurance Map, 1912 US Dept of Agriculture aerial maps, 1936 (4738) and 1948 (DFR-3D-183) Forest Grove Street Surface Map, prepared by Oregon State Highway Department, 1939 Virginia and Lee McAlester, "A Field Guide to American Houses," 1984 Rosalind Clark, "Architecture, Oregon Style," 1983</p>			