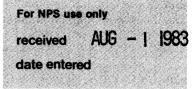
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic	Bergman, Joseph	n, Hous	e				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and/or common	N/A						
2. Loca	tion						
street & number	2134 NW Hoyt St	+			N⁄	∠A_ not for pub	lication
city, town	Portland		N/A vicinity of	First Congre	ssional	District	
state	Oregon c	ode 4] county	Multnomah		code	051
3. Clas	sification						
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process N/A being considered	X 	atus _ occupied _ unoccupied _ work in progress cessible _ yes: restricted _ yes: unrestricted _ no	Present Use agricultu _X commerci educatio entertain governm industria military	ure cial onal oment oent	museun park private f religious scientifi transpo other:	residence s ic
4. Own	er of Prop	ertv					
name street & number	Lee and Susan F 2134 NW Hoyt						
city, town	Portland	-	<u>₩/</u> Ą vicinity of		state	Oregon 972	10
5. Loca	tion of Le	gal	Descripti	on			
courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc.	Multn	omah County Cou	irthouse			······································
street & number	····	1021	SW 4th, Room 13	80			
city, town		Portla	and		state	Oregon 972	04
6. Repr	esentation	n in	Existing	Surveys			
title	Portland Histor Landmark	ical	has this pro	operty been deterr	nined eli	gible? ye	es _X_no
date	1976			federal	stat	e county	_X_ local
depository for sur	rvey records	Portla	and Bureau of P	lanning, 1120) <u>SW 5t</u>	h Avenue	
city, town	Salem				state	Oregon 9720	05

7. Description

Condition

Condition		Check one	Check one
excellent _X_ good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X_ altered	<u>X</u> original site moved da

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Joseph Bergman House is a two-story building of balloon frame construction on a basement story. A well-preserved example of the High Victorian Italianate style of architecture, it is one of only twelve "symmetrical bracketed villas" remaining in Portland, Oregon.

It is located on Lot 7 of Block 18 of King's Second Addition to the City of Portland. It is situated on a 50x100-foot lot on the south side of NW Hoyt Street, between NW 21st and NW 22nd Avenues. This area is commonly referred to as the Nob Hill neighborhood.

<u>N/A</u>

date _

This two-story house was built in 1885 by Amos King and sold to Joseph Bergman in 1890. The ground plan of the house is 34'10" by 39'10". It has 2,924 square feet of living space in its nine rooms.

The house rests on a brick foundation approximately four feet high with a stucco finish. The basement is 105 inches high, floor to ceiling. The balloon frame is covered by eight inch clear cedar shiplap siding. There are corner boards and a belt course at the second story level. The formally-placed two-story polygonal bay windows have three round-arched, one-over-one double-hung windows on the first floor and three segmentalarches, one-over-one double-hung windows on the second floor.

A small, hip-roofed, arcaded porch with square columns with capitals and bases shelter the central entry. The front door is a double-leaf door with top-light. Above the porch, on the second floor, is a pair of round-arched windows with an Eastlake-style framement crowned by a pediment with incised ornament filling the tympanum.

The low-pitched hip roof has a bracketed cornice in which decorative brackets are arranged in pairs. The frieze and spandrels are decorated with panels of incised ornament.

The interior is formally organized on a central-axis hall plan and contains nine rooms and a pantry. The first floor has two matching parlors 16' by 15'2", divided by sliding doors 7'3" wide by 10' high; a study, 16' by 15'2"; and a kitchen, 12' by 15'2".

A 7' wide central hall contains the stairway, hall and a 7'5" by 7'2" pantry with original cupboards off the kitchen. There is a fireplace in the study and a chimney between the kitchen and the west parlor. The second floor has four bedrooms with walk-in closets and a bathroom. The bedrooms measure 15' by 15', 14' by 15', 14' by 15', and 11' by 12'.

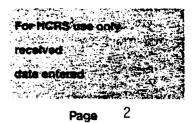
There are two flights of stairs: one ascending and descending from the entry hall in the center of the house and one off the west rear bedroom (probably the maid's room), which leads to the kitchen.

The typical ground floor ceiling height is 12'3". Interior doors are typically four panels. Upstairs rooms have transom lights. The original lath and plaster walls have been removed on the exterior walls so that insulation could be installed. Most original molding and hardware remain intact. The kitchen has painted wainscotting. The fireplace in the study is limestone painted to look like marble. Pocket or sliding doors divide the parlor from the study. Ornate iron grates are found in all rooms over vents supplying heat from the furnace in the basement.

Continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



7

Flooring is original tongue and groove fir. Interior doors and woodwork of cedar was grained to look like blond oak originally (most has been painted).

item number

The current owners carried out necessary code work, including new plumbing and electrical wiring, and installed new kitchen cabinets. Lath and plaster wall finish was removed and replaced by sheetrock in all rooms except the halls and the front and back bedrooms on the upstairs east side. All original woodwork was replaced except the plate rail in the kitchen and front west parlor. The ceilings had decorative plaster rosettes that have been lost except for the ones in the front east bedroom and front west bedroom. Piping for the original gas lights is still in place in most of the rooms. A back porch was removed.

Immediate Setting

The Bergman House is surrounded by apartment houses. The apartment houses on either side are relatively new, the next one toward 22nd Avenue dates from the 1930s. The one on the corner of 22nd and Hoyt is a court-style brick building, now a condominium.

Across the street, there are small 1930s style houses, one Victorian house and four apartment buildings.

None of the buildings ha_s a large front yard. Only one house across the street has a driveway and garage.

Both of the apartment houses on either side of the Bergman house have large parking areas in front of the buildings.

The traffic is heavy and parking is a problem. The Bergman house and the Victorian house across the street are the only old-original houses left in this area.

Landscaping

There are two trees in the parking strip in front of the house. Separating the lot from the street is a low stone wall. Two rhododendrons flank the sidewalk leading up to the stairs to the porch. On the sides of the sidewalk are low shrubs.

Acanthus plants are planted in the small front yard placed behind the stone wall. A Japanese maple is planted on the west side of the house; a silk tree on the east side. On the east side of the house is an alley. The small backyard is undeveloped. Hard-surface parking areas for neighboring properties abut east and west lot lines of the Bergman House.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art X commerce communications		ng landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1885	Builder/Architect	Inknown	

Unknown

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Joseph Bergman House, located at 2134 NW Hoyt Street in the once-fashionable Nob Hill neighborhood of Northwest Portland, Oregon, was built in 1885 as an investment property for pioneer Portland real estate entrepreneur Amos King. A two-story house of balloon frame construction on a basement story, the Bergman House is a well-preserved example of the High Victorian Italianate style of residential architecture. With its prominent, formally-placed, two-story polygonal window bays on the street facade, its bracketed cornice and its formal interior layout divided by a central hall, the Bergman House displays the distinctive characteristics of the "symmetrical bracketed villa" popularized by carpenters handbooks. It is, in fact, locally significant under National Register criterion "c" as one of only about twelve examples of the symmetrical bracketed villa type remaining in Portland. Of these dozen examples, the Bergman House is among the very few which have been little altered. In 1976 the Bergman House was declared a Portland Historical Landmark by action of the City Council.

The house was acquired by prosperous butcher Joseph Bergman in 1890. Bergman occupied the house until his death in 1916, and his heirs owned and occupied the building until 1967, thus accounting for the building's remarkable state of preservation. The immediate neighborhood had been eroded by later apartment house development. Recent, incompatible apartment houses and accompanying paved parking areas are adjacent to the property on the east and west. However, street trees mitigate against the disparity of scale and type to a degree by providing a uniform element to the streetscape. The house is said to be the oldest building in the Nob Hill neighborhood, being antedated only by the Couch family schoolhouse of 1884.

The Bergman House is locally significant also under National Register criterion "b" for its association with its original and subsequent owners. Amos King (1822-1901), for whom the house was built, arrived in Portland in 1849 and purchased 500 acres west of the city on which King's First and Second Additions are now situated. The house is an illustration of King's real estate entrepreneurship. He never lived in it. Joseph Bergman (1829-1916), the second owner of the property, was a Bavarian immigrant who arrived on the West Coast of America in 1853. He came to Portland with his brother, Issac, in 1856 and, with his brother as partner, built a successful butcher's trade. After 1879 he entered stockraising independently and retired in 1904. Bergman, a founding member of the synagogue Temple Beth Israel, established in 1858, lived in the house a little over 25 years before his death in 1916.

Nob Hill Neighborhood

Although the original Nob Hill neighborhood of Portland has been eroded by modern-day development, it was once the most fashionable place to live in Portland.

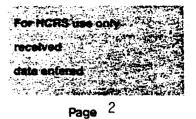
The neighborhood is located on the Donation Land Claim of Captain John Heard Couch, one of Portland's founding fathers. Couch settled a claim on the west bank of the Willamette River in 1845 after first sighting the spot on a trading excursion to Oregon City in 1842.

9. Majo	or Bibli	ographica	l Refere	nces	
	See conti	nuation sheet			
10. Ge	ograph	ical Data	······································		
Acreage of nomi Quadrangle nam UTM References	me Portland,	<u>less than one</u> Oregon -Washing	ton	Qı	adrangle scale1:24000
A 110 52 Zone Easti		5 0 4 1 3 2 0 Northing	B Zone	Easting	Northing
	┶┶┷┷┙└ ┶┶┷┷┙└ ┶┶┷┷┙└		┍└╌ ┍└╌ ╷	┙└⊥⊥┶ ┙└⊥⊥┶	
of King's Se	cond Additi	on to the City o	f Portland in	n Multnom ah	e occupies Lot 7 of Block 18 County, Oregon. The lot ed as follows: (continued)
List all states	and counties	for properties overla	apping state or	county boun	daries
state	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
state	N/A	code	county	N/A	code
11. For	m Prej	pared By			
name/title	Rosalind	Clark			
organization	N/A			date Au	igust 30, 1983
street & number	3124 NW H	loyt		telephone (5	503) 223-8830
city or town	Portland			state Or	regon 97210
12. Sta	te Hist	toric Prese	ervation	Office	er Certification
The evaluated sig	gnificance of th	is property within the s	itate is: X Jocal		· ·
As the designate 665), I hereby no according to the State Historic Pro	minate this pro criteria and pro	perty for inclusion in th cedures set forth by th	or the National Hi le Halional Regis e Vational Park :	storic Preserva ter and certify Service.	ation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– that it has been evaluated
title	Deputy St	tate Historic Pre	servation Of	ficer	^{date} July 21, 1983
falle	only	roperty is included in th Included in the Sector No.		er	date 9/1/83
Attest:					cate
Chief of Regi	stration				

Continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



8

Couch's claim (No. 52) of 640 acres is generally bounded by the Willamette River on the east and by 21st Avenue on the west and by Thurston and Ankeny Streets on the north and south.

Item number

Couch platted the portion closest to the river in a true north/south grid system and constructed a family home along the shore of Couch Lake, where Union Station now stands, long since filled. By the 1860s, the waterfront area was a busy commercial district and forced the early residences out. The city's early residential district,thus, developed along Fourth and Fifth Avenues. However, as commerce continued growing, the commercial district expanded. By 1885, Couch had extended the streets to 19th Street, where, between Everett and Johnson Streets, he built homes for all his family members.

The Couch family settlement became the foundation for the development of Nob Hill, or the "west end", as it was then called. It was here that the Couch family sought to create in Portland an extension of New England culture and level of sophistication. John Couch was from Newburyport, Massachusetts. The sole remaining physical reminder of the settler is the Couch family schoolhouse (now a residence) at 2063 NW Hoyt. Built in 1884, it is probably the oldest structure in the neighborhood.

The Joseph Bergman House, situated a block away from the schoolhouse and just one year later in date, probably is the second oldest building in the neighborhood and one of the few antedating 1890.

After the turn of the century, the Nob Hill area continued to be populated by Portland's wealthy families. It became the location of numerous fashionable houses in the Colonial Revival style designed by the leading firm of Whidden and Lewis, who introduced the style to Oregon about 1890.

Amos N. King

Two important Portland pioneers are associated with the Bergman House. The original owner was Amos N. King (born April 30, 1822 in Franklin County, Ohio), who came to Oregon in 1845, first settling in Forest Grove, then in Corvallis. He moved to Portland in 1849 and purchased 513 acres west of the city which contained a tannery. Portions of that area are now King's First and Second Additions. King's holdings included 40 acres now part of the city's first extensive public park, Washington Park (King sold the City the acreage for \$800 an acre in 1871). King had learned the tanning trade in Ohio as a boy and began a business in 1849. His business was so successful that he was able to retire in only eleven years and devote himself to his real estate interests. By 1890, he was reported to be one of Portland's millionaires.

He was married to MaLinda Fuller, an Ohio native, in 1846. Mrs. King died in 1887. Amos King died in 1901. The pair had six children.

Amos King never lived in the Bergman House. He had the house built as an investment property.

United States Department of the Interior
Heritage Conservation and Recreation ServiceFor MCRS/use onlyNational Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Formreceived
date enformedContinuation sheetItem number8Page3

Joseph Bergman

The second owner of the house was Joseph Bergman. Bergman was born November 25, 1829 in Bavaria, a son of Nathan J. and Hannah (Heldman) Bergman. He left for the United States in 1853 with his brothers, Isaac and Abraham, arriving in San Francisco in 1855. After about a month, Isaac and Joseph moved to Sacramento, California and entered into the cattle business. In 1856, Isaac and Joseph moved to Oregon and opened one of the first butcher shops in the city. It was located on First Street, between Morrison and Yamhill (he later moved his shop to Second and Washington). They continued that business until 1868, when Isaac went to Alaska. Joseph maintained the meat market alone until 1871 when his brother returned. They again ran the business together until 1876, at which time Isaac moved to Astoria (later to become Mayor of that city). In 1879, Joseph sold the business and went into the cattle business. His long experience as a butcher had made him an excellent judge of the value of stock and he was very successful. He retired in 1904.

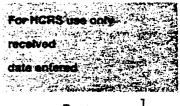
Bergman married Karoline Bettman, a daughter of Moses and Hannah Bettman, in 1861. Karoline Bergman came to the United States in 1860, arriving in New York and departing immediately for Portland, Oregon. Joseph and Karoline Bergman moved into the house at 2134 NW Hoyt Street (the original address was 694 Hoyt) in 1890. They had eight children. Three died in childhood and Michael L., an attorney, died when he was 22. Clara, Samuel K., Nathan J., and Ida continued to live in Portland. The house was occupied by Bergman's heirs until 1967.

Bergman was a member of the United Workmen and was a charter member of the Temple Beth Israel, which was organized in 1858. He served for twelve years as a volunteer fireman from 1858 to 1870, acting for some time as the assistant chief and for a time as foreman.

Bergman died on May 19, 1916 at the age of 86. He is buried in the Beth Israel Cemetery. The funeral was conducted in the family house on Hoyt Street by Rabbi Jonah B. Wise on May 22, 1916, at 11:00 a.m.

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Continuation sheet	Item number	9	Page	1

Gaston, City of Portland, Volume 3, page 593.

Oregon Historical Society Scrapbook 37, page 200.

Oregon Historical Society Scrapbook 50, page 193.

Oregon Historical Society Scrapbook 53, page 184.

Oregon Historical Society Scrapbook 77, pages 27, 45.

Oregon Historical Society Scrapbook 125, page 73.

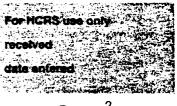
Oregonian, May 20, 1916, page 6.

Potential Historic Conservation Districts, An Inventory of Historic Resources. Prepared by the Portland Historical Landmarks Commission and the Portland Bureau of Planning, Special Projects Section, October 1978.

<u>Space, Style and Structure, Building in Northwest America</u>. Thomas Vaughan, Editor; Virginia Guest Ferriday, Associate Editor, Oregon Historical Society, Portland, Oregon, 1974. "Victorian Architecture", Wallace Kay Huntington.

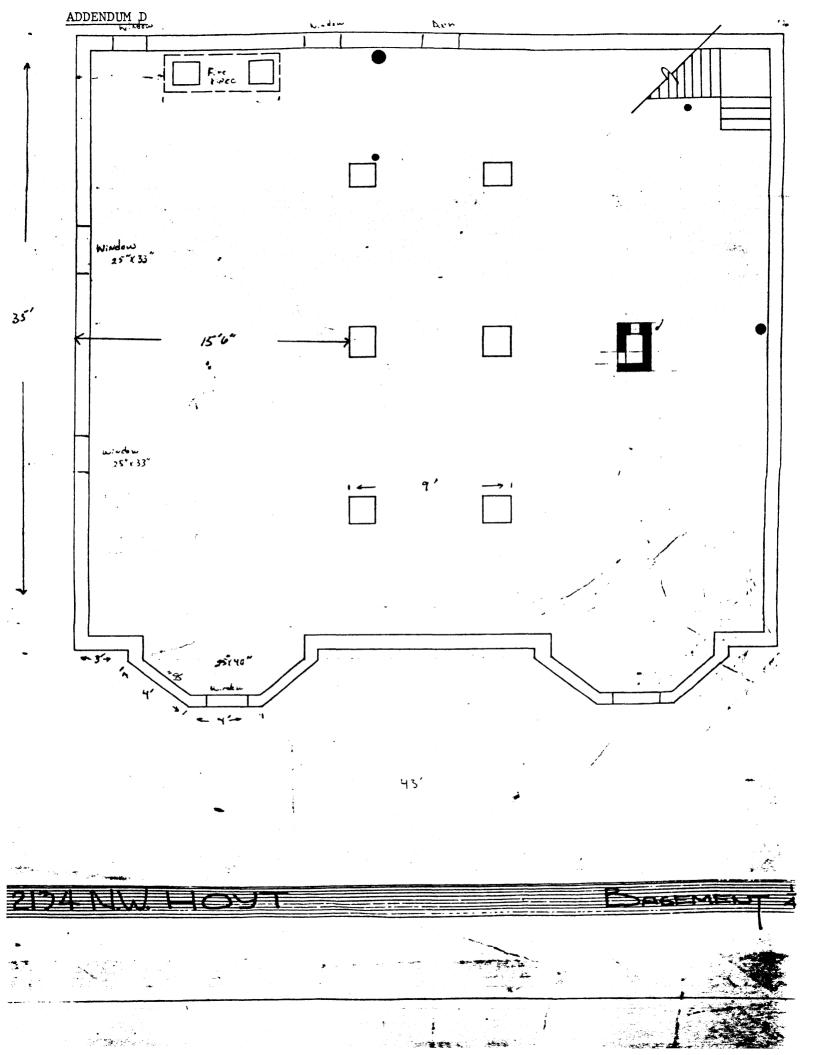
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

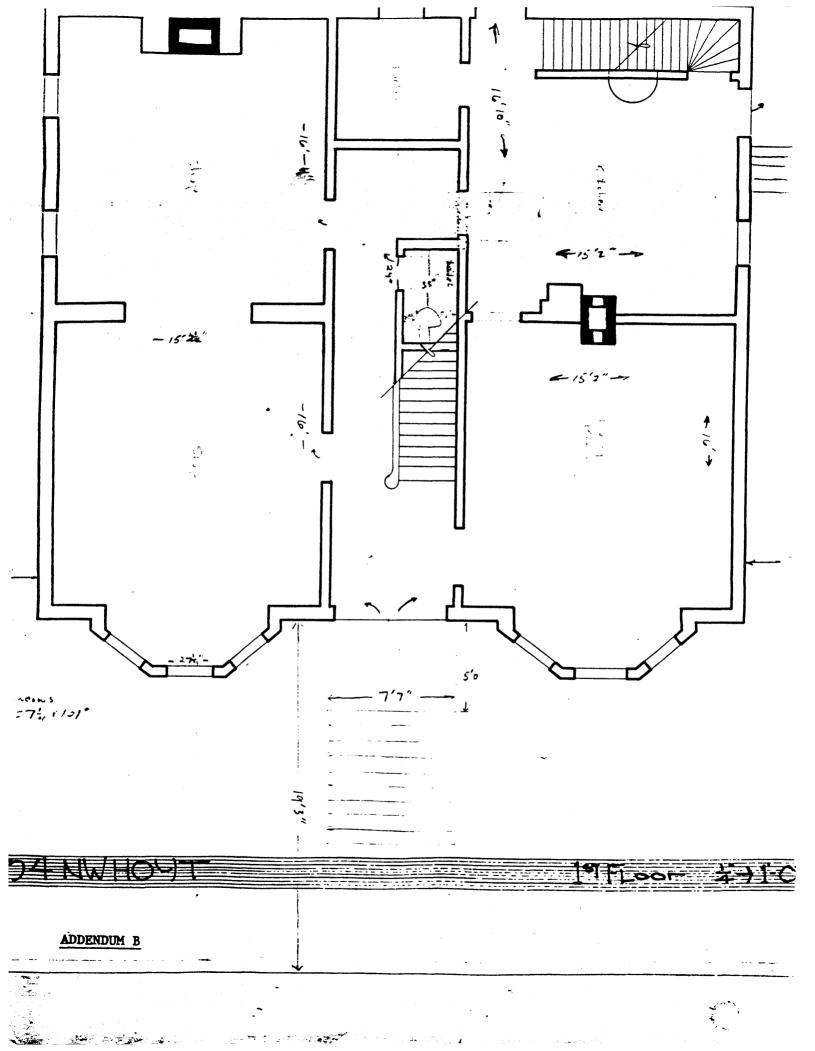
National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



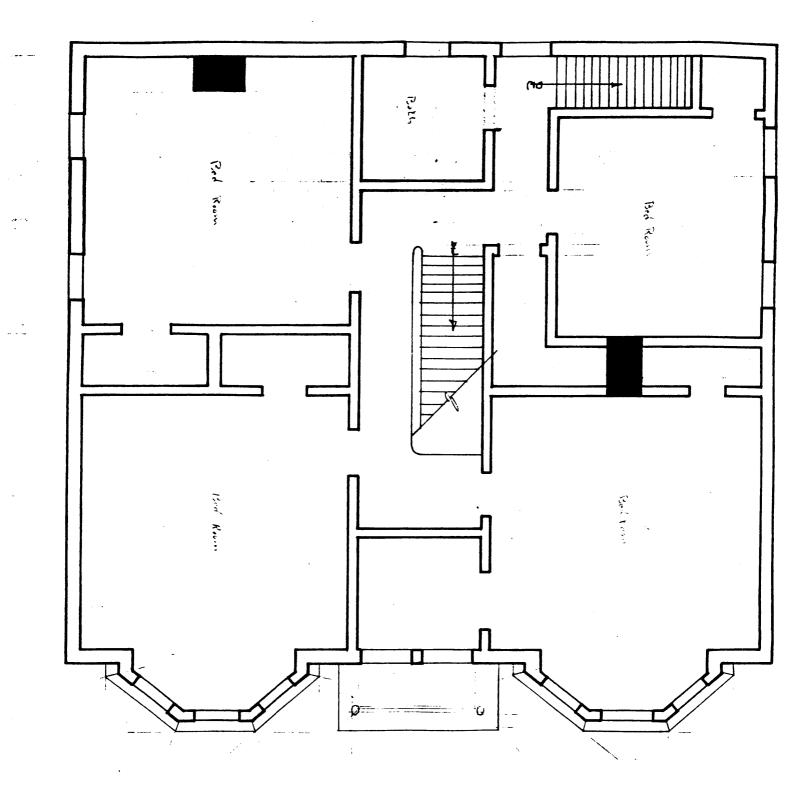
Continuation sheet	Item number	10	Page 2
	and the second		

Beginning at a point in the South line of NW Hoyt (formerly "H") Street in the City of Portland, which point is 150-feet Westerly from the intersection of said South line of NW Hoyt Street with the West line of NW 21st Avenue (formerly N. 20th Street) in said City; thence running Southerly and parallel with the said West line of NW 21st Avenue 100-feet; thence running Westerly and parallel with the South line of NW Hoyt Street 50-feet; thence running Northerly and parallel with the said West line of NW 21st Avenue 100-feet to said South line of NW Hoyt Street; thence running Easterly along the said South line of NW Hoyt Street, 50feet to the place of beginning.





· ADDENDUM C







1 of 15

Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon West up Hoyt Street 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, BR 97210



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon East side 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 9-21-82, Lee Farr photo

2 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multhnomah, Oregon North front & West side 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 3 of 15 9-21-82, Lee Farr photo



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Back facing south 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 9-21-82, Lee Farr photo 4 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon North front bay window 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 9-21-82, Lee Farr photo 5 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon North down central hall 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 6 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Central hall looking south 1st. floor 1982, Lee Farr photo Portland, Or 97210 2134 N.W. Hoyt 7 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Fireplace, south roo m East side, 1st floor 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 8 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Sliding doors between the North & South rooms, East sie side. 1st floor 1982. Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 9 of 15



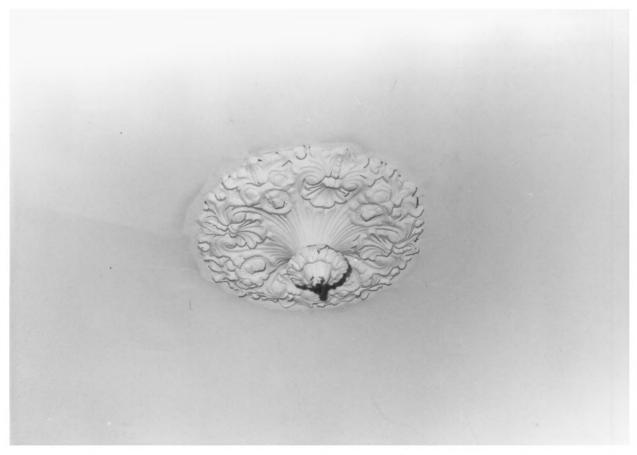
Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Kitchen Southwest view 1st floor 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland. OR 97210 10 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Pantry South central 1st floor 1982, Lee Farr photo 11 of 15 2134 N.W. Hoyt, Port., OR



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Heat vent Northwest room 2nd floor 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt 12 of 15 Portland, OR 97210



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Ceiling mount Northwest room, 2nd floor 1982, Lee Farr photo 2134 N.W. Hoyt 13 of 15 portland, OR 97210



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Front Facade (north)

2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 Lee Farr photo, 1982

14 of 15



Joseph Bergman House 2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, Multnomah, Oregon Front Facade (north)

2134 N.W. Hoyt Portland, OR 97210 Lee Farr photo, 1982

15 of 15