10-300 (Rev. 10-74) PH0359157
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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SEE	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (				5
1 NAME	THE THE ENTINES		222020		
<u></u>	ŧ				
HISTORIC Bush-BI	reyman Block (Breyman	Portion)			
AND/OR COMMON					
same					
LOCATION	I				
STREET & NUMBER					
141 and	d 147 N. Commercial 🤇	+,	NOT FOR I	PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT		
Salem		VICINITY OF	2nd		CODE
state Oregon	41	CODE	COUNTY Marion		047
CLASSIFIC	ATION				
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGI	RICULTURE	MUSEUM
_XBUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	X.com	MMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	X_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDU	JCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENT	ERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GO\	VERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	X.YES: UNRESTRICTED	IND	USTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MIL	ITARY	OTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY				
NAME Evan B.	. Boise				
STREET & NUMBER	Commercial				
city, town Salem		VICINITY OF	Oregon	STATE 97301	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION			
ı	Of MIGHE DECOR	11 11014			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	ETC. Marion County Co	unt house			
STREET & NUMBER	marion country co	our chouse			
CITY, TOWN				STATE	
	Salem		Oregon	97301	
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
TITLE					
	ide Inventory of Histo	oric Sites and Bui	ldings ————		
1970		FEDERAL _	XSTATE _COUN	ITY _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	State Historic P	State Historic Preservation Office			
CITY, TOWN	0.1		^	STATE	
	Salem		Oregon	97310	

X\_EXCELLENT

\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

#### CONDITION

\_\_DETERIORATED
\_\_RUINS
\_\_UNEXPOSED

#### CHECK ONE

\_\_UNALTERED
\_XALTERED

#### **CHECK ONE**

X\_ORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The two-story Queen Anne Style Bush Breyman Block (Breyman portion) is of brick on a stone foundation with a cast iron front and cast iron interior columns. Once a part of a major business block with half again as much frontage on the city's busy commercial thoroughfare, the remaining section has a facade organized into two wide store-front bays and a stairway entrance bay offset to the north end. The building measures 53x90 feet. A single-story addition was added to the rear, on the northerly end, in 1926. All brick and cast iron exterior surfaces are painted. As far as is known, sand-blasting has never been employed as a method of cleaning.

With the exception of ground story store fronts, the facade is intact. The sheet metal false roof originally had an iron cresting, however, and one of the four decoratively sheathed brick flues of this section is missing. The false roof overhanging a brackete cornice has a low-relief imbricated pattern. The bay containing the stair to second story offices is crowned with a broken pediment with finial and swag. The pediment over the round-arched portal of this bay contains the building's date of construction: 1889. Decorated pilasters mark the fire walls separating the three segments of the building.

Window openings - three large stilted flat-arched bays each--above either store front--are fitted with double hung sash and have transom lights surrounded by fixed colored panes. The upper wall surface is stuccoed in a vermiculated pattern. Cast iron and sheet metal ornament trimming the facade is typical of the period, being a mixture of classical and stylized motifs, such as bosses, scallops and circlets used repetitively.

The latest of at least three successive remodelings has produced a harmonious tripartite subdivision in either of the original ground-story store fronts. Original iron thresholds are still extant in the southerly portion. An elevator has recently been installed on the north wall of the shop space, and a new lobby space has been created for it. Spandrels over shop front glazing carry the current store's business name.

Inside the store area, now a single interior space, air-conditioning was installed, and the ceiling was bwered with the result that the original tin ceiling cover is obscured from view at present. All wall surfaces of the ground story have been covered with modern materials. To the rear is a mezzanine for offices. The stairway and upstairs halls have their original paneled wainscoting with elaborate moldings and articulation in the Eastlake tradition. Within the offices are simpler molded baseboards. The central hall is lighted by skylights, and office spaces, in turn, are lighted indirectly from this source. Original brass hardware is found throughout. At present the vestibule of Room I is being utilized for the installation of the elevator, and the lofty ceiling heights are being lowered somewhat for air-conditioning equipment without detriment to wall openings or trim. Openings in what was the common wall between the two sections of the building were filled in with brick and trimmed with original wainscoting material. A modern fire escape was added the the rear. The rear elevation of the building is stuccoed and has double-hung sash windows with transoms at the second story level.

Original condition: According to a contemporary description of the original plans, there was to have been a tower 61 feet high, but it was not built. The full block included three additional stores, and extended 119 feet along Commercial Street. The ground story store fronts, as illustrated in the January 3, 1890 weekly edition of the Oregon Statesman. had transomed plate glass windows on either side of central double-leaf doors. In 1966, after a fire brought about the demolition of the Bush portion of the block, materials were salvaged to be used in the Breyman portion. The 1890 picture shows iron cresting and a metal-sheathed flue atop each pilaster at the roofline.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Bush-Breyman Block (Breyman Portion)

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#### **CONTINUATION SHEET**

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#### Construction

Agreement between Z. Craven, A. Bush & Breyman Bros., July 10, 1889 (in owner's possession).

Salem <u>Oregon Statesman</u> (weekly) Friday, May 10, 1889 p. 7 col. 2. BRICK BLOCKS/...Plans made for Two Large Brick/Blocks on the West Side of Com-/mercial Street.

Also from Oregon Statesman, general articles on redevelopment:

Feb. 22, 1889 p. 6, ... SPLENDID IMPROVEMENT

Apr. 5, 1889 p. 5, ...BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS...

p. 7, ...BUILDING IMPROVEMENT...

Apr. 12, 1889 p. 6, ...BRICK MAKING

May 10, 1889 p. 3, ... BUILDING BOOM

July 19, 1889 p. 7, ... SEE SALEM GROW...

July 26, 1889 p. 7, ... SALEM'S GROWTH...

Aug. 2, 1889 p. 3, ... STILL WE GROW...

Interview with Charles E. Hawkes, AIA, August 6, 1977.

#### John H. and Charles L. McNary

Clark, R.C. <u>History of the Willamette Valley</u>, vol. 2. Chicago: S.J. Clarke Publishing Company, 1927, p. 238f, John H. McNary, p. 249f, Charles L. McNary.

Corning, Howard McKinley. <u>Dictionary of Oregon History</u>, Portland: Binfords & Mort, (1956), p. 162. McNary, Charles Linza.

#### Benjamin F. Bonham

Corning. (op cit) p. 31.

STATEMENT C	F SIGNIFICANCE			Builders
SPECIFIC DAT	<sup>ES</sup> 1889	BUILDER/ARC	Z. CravenCo Asahel Bush,	Breyman Brothers
			Walter D. Pug	
		INVENTION		Professions
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X.POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X OTHER (SPECIFY)
<b>X</b> _1800-1899	_XCOMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
1600-1699	<b>X</b> ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	X social/humanitarian
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

The Bush-Breyman Block is significant to the city of Salem as the intact southerly portion of a major business block in the Queen Anne Style dating from 1889. The rehabilitated building once housed the professional offices of several of Salem's leading figures and is thereby linked with the area's legal and governmental history. Moreover, with its neighbor, the Capitol National Bank of 1892, the Bush-Breyman Block forms one of the strongest features of a concentration of early commercial buildings along a two-block segment of the city's historic business thoroughfare. The predominant architectural character of this segment of Commercial Street is one of two-story brick masonry construction with cast iron fronts ranging in date from the late 1870s through the 1890s.

Salem dates its founding from 1840, when the principal station of the Methodist Mission was relocated on Mill Creek, and the Indian Manual Labor Training School was established by missionaries in the following year. The town was laid out in 1846, partly as a means of supporting the Methodist-sponsored academic enterprise which evolved ultimately as Willamette University. In 1851 the Oregon Legislature named Salem the Territoria capital, but the designation did not become a fixed reality until 1855. With the advent of Statehood, in 1859, Salem was the undisputed capital. The town's incorporation followed a year later. Early growth owed equally to higher education and politics, but the town's situation on the Willamette River also facilitated commerce. Flour and woolen mills were among the earliest manufactories to be established. Business enterprises lined Commercial Street, which parallels the east bank of the Willamette River, one block east of Front Street. Always a waypoint along the main corridor of travel up and down the broad Willamette Valley, Salem was reached by the Oregon and California Railroad in 1871, and a new and faster age of commercial growth was ushered in. Lumber and paper mills were added to woolen and flouring industries, an iron foundry, banking and retail enterprises. Thereafter, Salem was the center of growth and activity in the mid-Willamette basin.

Today, Salem's population exceeds 77,000, and its problems in keeping the commercial core vital in the surge of suburban development are typical. The central business district is undergoing change, and local groups are renewing efforts to preserve its historic features.

Architecture: The 1889 Queen Anne Style store and office building was part of Salem's first urban redevelopment. In 1879, the city had established a fire district to facilitate better insurance rates and encourage the building of fire-resistant structures within the district. In 1889 bankers and merchants of Salem bought and tore down two blocks of wooden stores, replacing them with 18 brick structures. This building was designed by local architect Walter D. Pugh as part of the redevelopment for Asahel Bush, President of Ladd and Bush Bank, and for the Breyman brothers, Werner and Eugene, former merchants and financiers. Two of the stores were built for the Breymans and three for Mr. Bush. The Bush portion was damaged by fire in the 1960s and that part of the structure was demolished for a parking lot. The Breyman portion of the facade is intact, except for the street level store fronts which were remodeled in 1911, 1926, and 1965. For some years the two stores have/combined as one, while, upstairs, the only major change has been

## 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

See continuation sheet.

			<del></del>	
OGEOGRAPHICAL DA  ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY  UTM REFERENCES	E21 v 1651			
A[1,0] [4]9,6[9,1,2]  ZONE EASTING C	4, 9, 7, 6, 2, 0, 5, NORTHING	B ZONE EASTI	NG NORTHI	NG
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIP	TION			
N. 53' of Lot 3, B	lock 48 of the F	Plat of Salem.		
LIST ALL STATES AND CO	OUNTIES FOR PROPER	RTIES OVERLAPPING STA	TE OR COUNTY BOUN	IDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
1 FORM PREPARED B NAME/TITLE David C. Duniway, F			Sept. 9, 1977	
ORGANIZATION			Sept. 9, 1977	
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE	
1365 John St. S			581-2338	
city or town Salem			STATE Oregon 97302	
STATE HISTORIC P		ON OFFICER CE	RTIFICATION	V
NATIONAL	STA	ATE	LOCAL X	
As the designated State Historic Pres hereby nominate this property for in criteria and procedures set forth by the STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICE	iclusion in the National he National Park Servic	Register and certify that		
TITLE State Historic	Preservation Of	fficer	-DATE Decemi	per 20, 1977
R NPS USE ONLY				
Robert B. Re	ROPERTY IS INCLUDE	D IN THE NATIONAL REG	DATE 2 17	78
TEST: Charles	dur	PRECEDUATION AT THE	יינאר שוויף און איינאיייי אין S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	ONAL RECISTER
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the recent lowering of ceilings to conceal upgraded services.

Walter D. Pugh, architect of the Bush-Breyman Block, designed many buildings in Salem and in Oregon. His brick Thomas Kay Woolen Mill (1895) in Salem is listed in the National Register. Cast iron employed in construction of the Bush-Breyman Block was produced by the local Salem Iron Works. The bricks came from the George Collins brickyard near the State Penitentiary.

Commerce: A review of occupancy illustrates a multiplicity of commercial uses for the Breyman portion of the Bush-Breyman Block. For the first 70 years, there was a drug store in the building, and for 48 years a clothing store. A major bookstore occupied one of the stores for 22 years, and a sporting goods business occupied the whole store area more recently. The upstairs offices have been leased to hop dealers, the Oregon Hop Growers Association, Oyster Growers Service Association, wool, twine and cordage dealers, and printers. They have also served as offices for loan, real estate and insurance agents. This usage pattern typifies the urban experience which is a vital part of Salem's history.

Law, Politics and Government: Among the lawyers of importance who had their offices in this block was Judge Benjamin F. Bonham, former Justice and Chief Justice of the Oregon Supreme Court, 1871-76; US General Consul to British India at Calcutta, and Salem Postmaster, 1894-98. Also, the brothers John H. and Charles L. McNary had their offices in Rooms 1, 2 and 3 from 1898-1910. While in these offices, John McNary became district attorney for Marion, Linn, Yamhill, Polk and Tillamook Counties from 1904-1911; and Charles McNary was Dean of the Law Department at Willamette University, 1908-1913. John was to become United States District Judge for Oregon in 1927, and Charles McNary was appointed US Senator from Oregon, and in 1933, he became minority leader for the Republican Party in the Senate. In 1940 McNary ran unsuccessfully for Vice-President with Wendell Wilkie. In Congress he was largely instrumental in promoting farm and reclamation legislation, was co-author of the McNary-Haugen farm bill of 1927, and was principal sponsor of the Bonneville Dam. He died while in office in 1944.

It should be noted that John McNary was the Recorder of Marion County, 1890-94, and acted as assistant secretary of the Republican National Convention in Chicago in 1912, when William Howard Taft was renominated for President. His brother, Charles, was Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee in 1916.

<u>Professions</u>: Many of the other renters of the Bush-Breyman Block were professional people: architects; artists; dressmakers; physicians and surgeons, and their contribution to the community was substantial.

Social/Humanitarian: Among the renters of office space in this building were the American Red Cross, 1935, and the Camp Fire Girls Marion County District and Willamette Area Offices, 1951-62. Less obvious, however, is the significance of Werner Breyman, one of the builders, who ran a loan office in this building from 1905-1917. He is known to have financed the higher education of at least 84 young men from the community.

FHR-8-300A (11/78)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

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J.K. Gill Building

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#### Politics/Government

Fred Paulus, the immediate past owner of the building, also the son of Christopher, was likewise born in the building. He was to serve the State of Oregon as Deputy State Treasurer, and his influence helped to establish the financial integrity of local and state government.



Bush-Breyman Block (Breyman Portion) 141-147 N. Commercial Street Salem, Marion County, Oregon General view of facade, 1974 PEC 29 1977 State Historic Preservation Office 525 Trade St. SE, Salem, OR 97310



Bush-Breyman Block (Breyman Portion) 141-147 N. Commercial Street Salem, Marion County, Oregon Elisabeth Walton photo looking north on Commercial Street 1974 DEC 29 1977 State Historic Preservation Office 525 Trade St. SE, Salem, OR 97310



Bush-Breyman Block (Breyman portion) 141-147 N. Commercial St. Salem, Marion County, Oregon Clifford Curry photo 3 of 5East elevation, 1977 FEB 17 1978 David Duniway 1365 John St. S DEC 29 1977 Salem, OR 97302



Bush-Breyman Block (Breyman portion) 141-147 N. Commercial St. Salem, Marion County, Oregon Clifford Curry photo Detail of stair entrance, 1977 David C. Duniway DEC 29 1977 1365 John St. S Salem, OR 97302



