# Oregon Historic Site Record

**LOCATION AND PROPERTY NAME** 

address: 4420 SE 64th Ave

Portland, Multnomah County

Arleta Branch Library historic name: current/other names: Wikman Building

block/lot/tax lot:

total elig resources:

orig use comments:

prim style comments:

sec style comments:

siding comments:

1S 2F 8 twnshp/rng/sect/qtr sect:

PROPERTY CHARACTERISTICS

height (stories): resource type: Building

1.0 elig evaluation: eligible/significant NR Status: Individually Listed prim constr date: 1918 second date: 1973 date indiv listed: 03/15/2016

Library primary orig use:

second orig use: Professional

Late 19th/20th Period Revivals: Other primary style: Colonial Revival secondary style: primary siding: Brick:Other/Undefined

Wood:Other/Undefined secondary siding:

plan type:

architect: Folger Johnson builder: McHolland Brothers

#### comments/notes:

assoc addresses:

location descr:

Building now houses a division of the Portland police. Vacant since July 2011, the county has declared the building surplus December 2011 and plans to sell it. There is interest from a local group who is trying to raise the money to buy the building to serve as a community center of some kind. 1/14 Building listed for sale to general public, 10/14; Building bought by private developer who is looking to list on NR and do tax incentives. JES

## **GROUPINGS / ASSOCIATIONS**

Survey/Grouping Included In: Type of Grouping **Date Listed Date Compiled** Women's History Sites Thematic Grouping 2012

#### SHPO INFORMATION FOR THIS PROPERTY

NR date listed: 03/15/2016

ILS survey date:

**RLS** survey

106 Project(s)

SHPO Case Date

Agency Effect Eval 07/09/2001 No Adverse Effect

Federal Tax Program

Status Start Compl Dormant

Special Assess Project(s):

total inelig resources:

None

# **ARCHITECTURAL / PROPERTY DESCRIPTION**

(Includes expanded description of the building/property, setting, significant landscape features, outbuildings and alterations)

Building is associated with Lea Wikman, a local community activist and volunteer, died in the 1980s. Constructed in 1918 using Carnegie Corporation grant funds, the Colonial Revival-style Arleta Branch Library, more recently known as the Wikman Building, was designed by well-known Portland architect Folger Johnson. The one-story, irregularly-shaped building is located at 4420 S.E. 64th Avenue in southeast Portland, Multnomah County, Oregon. Situated on a flat urban lot on the northeast corner of SE 64th Avenue and S.E. Holgate Boulevard, the 5,665-square-foot building occupies nearly all of its .18-acre, 80' x 100' lot, with the main facade fronting west onto S.E. 64th Avenue and the secondary facade facing south to Holgate Boulevard. The wood frame structural walls are faced in red brick, and the shallow-pitch hip roof has simple eave details and is crowned with a glazed cupola. The symmetrical fenestration pattern, centrally-placed public entrances on the west and south elevations, and hierarchy of classically-influenced ornament are all illustrative of the Colonial Revival style. The site has minimal landscaping that is composed primarily of two sycamore trees foundation plantings. The building retains a high degree of historical integrity, with exterior alterations limited to removal of the original wood railing along the roofline, the addition of an accessibility ramp and some interior alterations made after the building's tenure as a library. Because it is no longer used as a library, the Arleta Branch Library building may have lost some integrity of association and feeling. However, it is located on its original lot, and the building's historic integrity in the areas of setting, design, materials and workmanship are all clearly evident, allowing it to effectively convey its overall historic design, appearance, and function.

#### HISTORY

(Chronological, descriptive history of the property from its construction through at least the historic period - preferably to the present)

The 1918 Arleta Branch Library is locally significant under National Register Criterion A in the areas of Education and Social History for its association with and illustration of the public library ideals and systems that were in force during the early twentieth century. Utilizing grant funds from the Carnegie Corporation, this is one of thirty-one Carnegie libraries built in Oregon, and one of seven built in the Portland area during the 1910s and early 1920s. Its Colonial Revival style is typical of this period of architecture in general, as well as being reflective of the guidelines set forth by the Carnegie Corporation with regard to library design specifically. Designed by Portland architect Folger Johnson and built by local contractors the McHolland Brothers in 1918, the Arleta Branch Library was the sixth Carnegie library to be constructed as part of the Library Association of Portland's (now Multnomah County's) branch library system. The surrounding neighborhood enjoyed the Arleta Branch both as a source of educational enrichment and as a community meeting place until 1971, when the Arleta and Lents libraries were merged and housed in the newly-constructed Holgate Library. The Library Association of Portland sold the building in 1973 to Multnomah County, who converted the building to a new commercial/office use. The years during which the building served as a library form the period of significance, 1918 to 1971. During this period the library apparently underwent few, if any, alterations to the interior or the exterior; the changes evident today were made after the building was sold and converted from library to office use. Mid- to late twentieth-century alterations to the exterior and the interior of the building do not detract from its associative significance under Criterion A, and it continues to clearly reflect its original design and function.

## **RESEARCH INFORMATION**

Title Records Census Records Sanborn Maps **Biographical Sources** Obituaries Newspapers

Property Tax Records SHPO Files State Archives

State Library

Local Histories Interviews Historic Photographs

University Library: Local Library: **Historical Society:** Oregon Historical Society Other Respository:

**Building Permits** 

Bibliography:

City Directories

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Also a note announcing Gresham's plans for a Carnegie-funded library. 1913 September 28, "Social Center is Opened at Arleta," page 12. 1913 December 15, "City News in Brief/Arleta Library Grows," page 7. 1917 October 29, "Campaign to Begin" (includes photo of St. Johns Branch Library), page 10. 1918 February 10, "Arleta Will Have Carnegie Library," page 59. 1918 September 13, "Arleta Library in New Building," page 11 1921 December 15, "Arleta Library Praised...," page 7. Ritz, Richard Ellison. Architects of Oregon. Portland, Oregon: Lair Hill Publishing, 2002. Scheppke, Jim. "Carnegie Libraries in Oregon," Oregon Encyclopedia Website. (Portland, Oregon: Portland State University and the Oregon Historical Society, 2014). Accessed December 2014. -----. "Public Library Buildings in Oregon: A Historical Sketch," Oregon Library Association Quarterly Vol. 15 No. 3 (July 2014), pp 8-11. United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service. 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